



Summary

- Globalising real estate markets require robust and consistent cross-border valuation benchmarks.
- Yields, widely-used as a benchmark of value for comparisons between markets, can conceal a range of factors such as varying lease duration, escalation clauses and rent-free incentive periods that materially influence investment performance between markets and through time.
- Explicitly adjusting for these factors provides a more consistent basis for yield comparisons across some of the major Pacific office markets.

Introduction – a level playing field

In globalising real estate markets, investors require valuation

benchmarks that are robust (0.382229)(0.22451777)(0.414168)(0.6296129616 ds 5.4696(s) -0.4g/R14 9.36144dL . 54696(i) -3.29616 . 54

Appendix: Calculation of adjusted yields

The basic capital value model is derived as follows:

Define

C = Capital Value

D = Rent

r = Discount rate, where

$r = r_{nom} - \pi$, where r_{nom} is the discount rate in a zero inflation, zero real rent growth world.



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