2022 Research Priorities Webinar:

Research Priorities for Central and Eastern Sydney

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Central and Eastern Sydney Primary Health Network

Dr Brendan Goodger - General Manager Primary Care Improvement from CESPHN

CESPHN :
- Commissions services to meet population health needs and reduce barriers to access for communities with the highest needs.
- Works

Dr Marianne Gale

Director, Population and Community Health, SESLHD

- Reducing inequity
  - How can we innovate to achieve this
  - Closing the Gap in Aboriginal health outcomes
  - CALD populations
- Communicating for behaviour change and prevention action
- Increasing health literacy
- Addressing gaps across the lifespan – the early years, youth, healthy ageing
- ‘Smoking is the new smoking’ ; ‘alcohol is the new alcohol’
- Diabetes and cardiovascular disease prevention and management
- Navigation and coordination of community care

Sydney Local Health District Landscape and Priorities

Research Priorities Forum 2022

Presented by Lou-Anne Blunden

Executive Director, Clinical Services Integration and Population Health
Sydney Local Health District

SLHD Integrated and Collaborative Care Programs

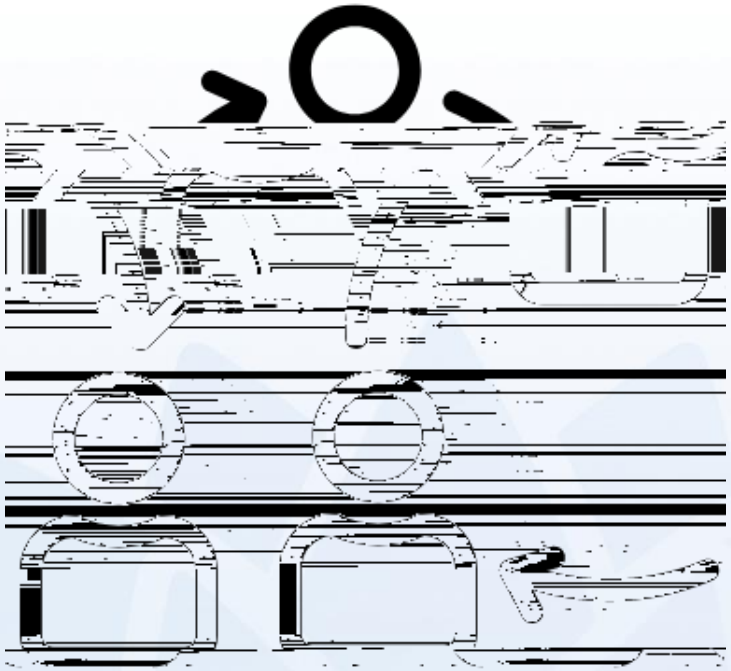
Living Well, Living Longer	Healthy Homes & Neighbourhoods	Xtend Program	Better Pathways to Housing Healthy Strong communities	Healthy Families, Healthy Children
RPA Virtual Care & Telehealth	Carers Program	Residential Aged Care Outreach	Place-based (e.g. Waterloo, Health One Green Square)	Integration and Partnerships (with Lisa Parcsi)
Homelessness & Rough Sleepers	Aboriginal Cultural Support Team	Partnership with IFIC Australia –CREHSCI	Health Pathways	Specialised roles (LGBTIQ+ and Men's Health, Community Health Navigators)

Key activities CES-P&CH could inform

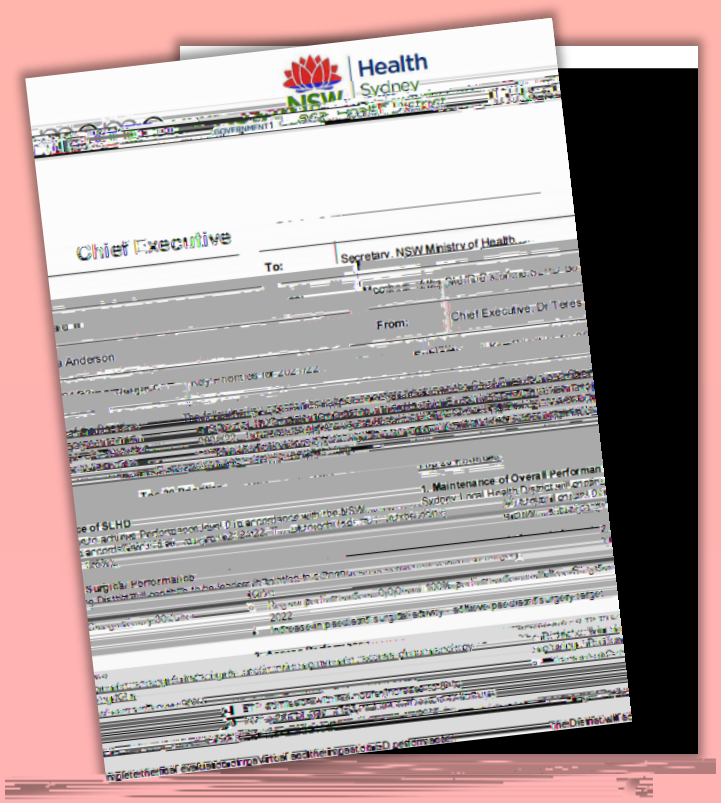
- Carer Navigation Model
- Carer Health and Thoughts (CHAT) Registry
- Consumer partnerships in research
- Research to support patient experience
- Integration between oral health and general medical care
- Thinking Beyond Dental – links with other (including non health) services, Domestic Violence Routine Screening.
- Planned Care for Better Health team: created from existing chronic care teams and Short term Aged Care response teams.
- Post hospital follow up for complex discharges: currently trialling recruitment and process of intervention.

Potential collaborators

- The Carers Program
- Community and consumer participation
- Community health
- Sydney Dental Hospital and Oral Health Services
- RPA Virtual
- Health Pathways
- PHRAME (Public Health Research Analytics and Methods for Evidence)
- Mental Health Services
- Drug Health Services



SLHD Priorities

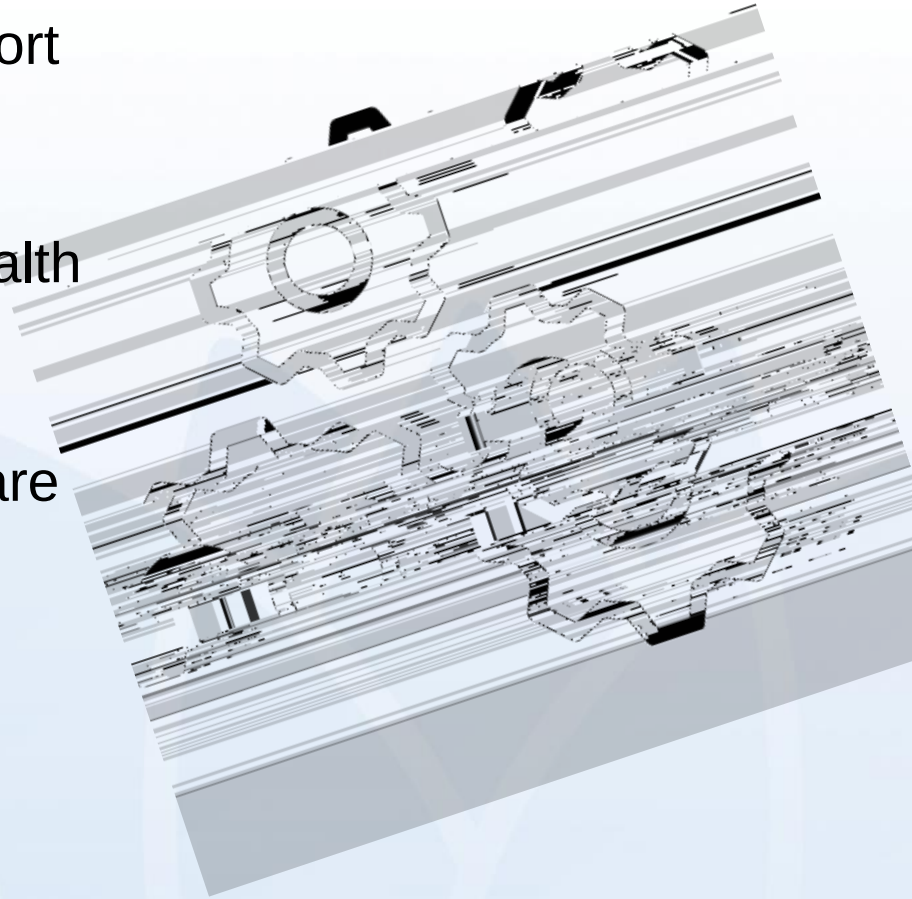


- Chief Executive 20 Priorities (including vulnerable communities)
- Diversity and Equitable provision of services
- Public Housing
- Socio-economic and digital literacy
- Readmissions < 28 days
- Patient and family centered care
- Strengthening and valuing our workforce
- Holistic and integrated service delivery models for vulnerable or at risk population groups (including linkages between health and non-health services)
- Integrated care pathways
- Use of digital technology, artificial intelligence, remote monitoring and telehealth to increase the reach of health care services (including preventive and specialist services)
- Client and patient enablement approach (post intervention)

Potential research areas

Larger systemic scale

- How patient and family centred healthcare can support health equity, engagement and help communities flourish
- How we support global community health; role of health prevention and promotion in supporting human development
- Community wellbeing post crisis; the role of healthcare in supporting community resilience and growth following COVID-19
- How can we improve holistic/integrated services delivery models for vulnerable or at risk populations



Potential research areas

Smaller scale

- Carers: Carer recognition and inclusion, and addressing carer self neglect
- Older women: relationship between different dimensions of vulnerability (e.g. economic, housing, isolation, AOD, etc.) and health outcomes
- Why some GPs refer more than others. (eReferral where some GPs and practices are referring at almost four times the rate of other practices within SLHD).
- What can we learn from linked data?
- Changes in the Oral Health (OH) need trends, pain measures and tooth loss.
- Oral Health Pathways evaluation – e.g. for Aboriginal pregnant women seen at RPA Aboriginal midwifery unit. Evaluate the scope and reach of telehealth among priority population groups receiving oral health treatment
- Development of value-based measures in Oral Health (like PREMs and PROMs - especially for priority population groups)
- Identify differences in outcomes for those receiving telehealth services vs face-to-face services.