HS619

The Nine Classes of Dangerous Goods



1 Class 1 Explosives

- 1.1 e.g. Tri Nitro Toluene (TNT)
- 1.2 e.g. ammunition
- **1.3** e.g. propellant powder, fireworks
- 1.4 present no significant hazard
- 1.5 insensitive substances with mass explosion hazard
- **1.6** extremely insensitive articles no mass explosion hazard



2 Class 2.1 Flammable Gas

e.g. Hydrogen, Acetylene, Propane



3 Class 2.2 Non flammable, Non-toxic gas

Class 3 Flammable liquid Packing Group 1 (greatest danger) e.g. Carbon disulphide, Diethyl ether Packing Group 2 Acetone, Methanol, Ethanol Packing Group 3 Xylene, Chloroform, Dichloromethane 4 Class 4 Flammable Solids 4.1 Flammable solids readily combustible and may cause fire due to friction e.g. magnesium metal, alkali metals 4.2 Substances liable to Spontaneous Combustion e.g. white phosphorous and potassium metal 4.3 Substance that in contact with water emit flammable gases which can form explosive mixtures in air e.g. white phosphorous, calcium carbide, magnesium, lithium, sodium 5 Class 5.1 Oxidising Substances Oxidising substances are not necessarily combustible may readily liberate Oxygen and increase the violence of a fire e.g. Calcium hypochlorite, ammonium nitrate 6 Class 5.2 Organic Peroxides Materials that may be liable to explosive decomposition may burn rapidly and are sensitive to impact or friction.		
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	6 Class 5.2 Organic Peroxides	
e.g. dibenzoyl peroxide	e.g. dibenzoyl peroxide	

7 Class 6.1 Toxic Substances

Also divided into 3 packing groups: Packing group 1 (greatest danger, Packing group 2 and Packing group 3)

e.g. Ethidium bromide, benzene, mercury, pesticides, arsenic



8 Class 6.2 Infectious Substances

e.g. vaccines, pathology specimens

